## Marine Spatial Planning and the Art of Engagement







### **Our Objectives Today**

- Reflect on our story and collaborate to learn together
- Benefit from the value in bringing people together in a room. Our planning has taught us that all answers to our challenges are already with us.
- Leave with solution options and ideas for other organizations

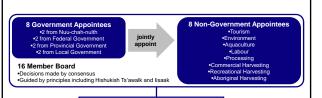
### Who We Are



A forum for the coastal communities, individuals and bodies affected by aquatic resource management to participate more fully with governments in all aspects of the management of aquatic resources in the West Coast Vancouver Island area.



## **Organizational Structure**



Staff
Executive Director, Administration, Marine
Planning, Ecological Science, Socio-Economic
Science, Communication, First Nations
Outreach, Community Coordinators

Constituencies
Communities, government departments, tourism associations, environmental groups, commercial fishers, food fishery, etc...

## **Chronology of WCA and Tsawalk Partnership**

1994-1997: The WCA and Tsawalk were originally conceived by First Nations and other communities in the WCVI in the 1990s – period of developing political will, a common vision, and capacity in the WCVI

1997-2001: Capacity Building and greater than \$3 million in projects delivered

1998-2001: Negotiating and Ratifying the WCA Terms of Reference

2002: Authorized by the Minister of Fisheries and Oceans under the Oceans Act

2002-2005: Board 'Pilot' Phase

2005- 2006: Board Evaluation and Review Period

2006-2008: Strategic Plan (2007-12) and Fundraising (Moore Foundation)

2008-2012: Fundraising, Branding, Communications and Marine Plan Development (Tsawalk Partnership)

# What do people and communities want from the coastal and marine environment?





- multi-year coastal planning process
- brings governments, industry and communities together to develop a vision and strategy for the protection and future development of the region
- funded by the Federal, Provincial, Local and Nuu-chah-nulth governments, and private foundations and donations
- Plan outputs:
  - Goals and objectives for the WCVI region (300 km Brooks Peninsula to Sheringham Point)
  - · Coastal plans for Clayoquot and Barkley Sounds
  - Communications and decision support tools to support the plans
  - Implementation!



## **Principles of Our Planning Approach**



Na-a-qu-us Project

## **Telling Stories**







## Increasing the Knowledge Base

- Review previous work
- Identify data requirements and sources
- Gather existing data
- Vision, values, issues and opportunities surveys and interviews
- local knowledge and sector interviews
- First Nation community meetings
- Open house and community dialogue sessions
- Symposiums



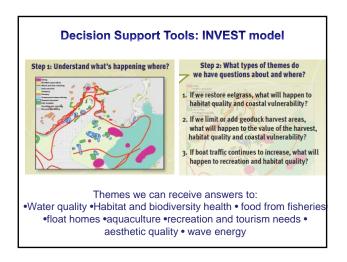


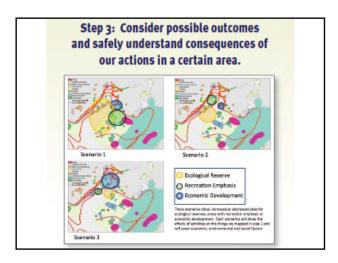


| Area        | Important<br>feature or<br>attribute             | Issue   | Goals  | Objective<br>(including specific<br>locations)  | Possible<br>Strategies  |
|-------------|--|---|--|---|---|
| Toquart Bay | CLAMS and clam beds                              | Clam Bed health is low compared to 10-15 years ago. This is a issue because:  1. Toquahf wants to own additional clam tenures for commercial  2. Clam peaching is happening in Toquahf's current clam tenure areas.  3. | Improve clam harvesting opportunities with:     I, increased monitoring or patrolling to hait impact of poaching     2. expand clam sale tenures for economic development     3. restore clam beach population and productivity in Toquat Bay.     4. Carefully select backbes for the production of the production with high potential for claim resproduction. | Toquant to gain additional<br>clams stees for commercial<br>harvest of clams or for<br>the clams of the clams of the<br>extended of the clams of the<br>extended of the clams of the<br>currently have 8 (licenses for<br>with harvest.  Objective to set criteria for<br>continues enses<br>for harvesting Criteria is as<br>follows: I. Areas should be<br>protected (not exposed to<br>wirst).2 needs to have qualify  **Toping of the clams of the clam | possible commercial<br>harvest area for<br>Toquart Jackside of<br>Hiller Island (is<br>traditional use site).<br>Very productive<br>natural sparse that<br>covers the beach and<br>good substrate<br>need a lease for the<br>Hiller arte. |
|             | Deep water<br>Oyster<br>Shellfish<br>Aquaculture | Shellfish Aquaculture<br>Activity: Toquaht has 4<br>shellfish aquaculture<br>tenures in Toquart Bay   | •  | <ul> <li>a scallop tenure belonged to<br/>the Olsen's and is being<br/>given to Toquaht. Objective<br/>is to reseed this with scallops<br/>or oysters</li> </ul>  |   |
|             | -Eelgrass<br>habitat for<br>herring spawn        | Spotted depletion of<br>some eelgrass beds  | Eelgrass Restoration<br>(habitat restoration)  | <ul> <li>Interested in eel grass restoration.</li> </ul>  | Partnerships  |
|             | Wild oysters<br>distribution                     | Importance of wild<br>oyster distribution in<br>Toquart Bay   | <ul> <li>Preserve the effectiveness of<br/>wild oyster spat spawning in<br/>Toquart Bay</li> </ul>   | •   |   |
|             |  | Concern with boat<br>speeds   | Slow down boat speeds in<br>Toquart Bay  | Reduce speeds during<br>sockeye runs     Reduce chance for kayaks<br>getting swamped  | Establish speed limit<br>signs at the deep water<br>aquaculture sites:<br>1.On Hermit Island  |









## **Next Steps**

- Develop strategies and process to draft zones at the community level
- Ramp up political relationships
- IMPLEMENTATION:
- Common objectives as catalyst for partnerships
- · Collaborative activity and projects
- Innovation and new opportunities
- Monitoring and enforcement

## **Questions?**

## **Discussion**

- How do we maintain and nurture relationships at a grassroots level AND at a government, decision-making levels? How do we manage peoples' expectants?
- 2. The plan is only as good as the people who share their knowledge. How do we move people from being in a place of being divisive and reactive to a place of being open and collaborative?
- 3. open to discussion



